mcode core

```
// mcode core for javascript
// see "Notes About the Core file" in the primer

let_ r,ver = 'mcode core version 0.08.01.2024'
'' □ ver ;  ⊙.test = {} // test artifacts namespace

r = `// mcode core - generated file
mcode.logn('` + ver + ` loaded from cache');
/* jshint asi:true */
`

r += '// Construction functions'
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.create : r                    // Δ    create non-literal and non-built-in types, add primitives
    // □ 'create' ; □.j α ; □.j ω ; □.j δ

    // vars:    Δ.v varlist          outputs  let varlist
    // classes: [ args ] Δ.n Class   outputs  new Class(...[args])

    ∇ mtx : i=0,j,q,t
        r = []
        i < α[0] ⍈
            j = 0 ; q = []
            j < α[1] ⍈
                t = δ=='i'?(i==j?1:0):0     // .i for identity matrix else zero matrix
                q.push(t) ; j++
            r.push(q)
            i++
        ⍛ r
    ∇ vec : i=0
        r = []
        i < α ⍈
            r = r.concat(0)
            i++
        ⍛ r

    r = ω
    ω ⇋ '@'          → ⍛ (α!=null)?new_ Date(α):new_ Date()  // nb. ternary operator used ? :
    ω ⇋ '{}'         → ⍛ (α!=θ)?new_ Map(α):new_ Map()       // to init Map, α is [[k v]...]
    ω ⇋ '/'          → ⍛ new_ RegExp(α,δ)                    // regex, δ are flags
    ω ⇋ '[[]]'       →                                       // create matrix of shape [α]  .i for identity
        ( α instanceof_ Array ) → ⍛ mtx(α,ω,δ)
        ⍛ [[]]                                               // empty matrix
```

```
    ω ≒ '[]' →
        α != θ      → ⍛ vec(α,ω,δ)
        ⍛ []
    ω ≒   '#'       → ⍛ parseInt(α)                         // convert to integer

    δ ≒   'j'       → ⍛ JSON.parse(ω)                       // .j for JSON to data
        // todo: JSON.parse with replacer & try/catch
    α != θ          → ⍛ mcode.addPrim(α,ω,δ)                // if α given, then define primitive

    // ◇ ( ( typeof_ window[ω] ) ≒ 'function' ) ^ α != θ →
    // ◇ ( ω instanceof_ Function ) ^ α != θ →
        // mcode.addPrim(α,ω,δ)
    // todo: table      an object with a field list α, a format string (TBD), data fields
    ⍛ 0
mcode.addPrim('⍙','mcode.create')   // R arg is quoted in transpiler fn 'OPsub'
`

r += ⍎.er `
∇ mcode.format0                     // ⍕    convert to string or JSON
    δ=='j' → ⍛ JSON.stringify(ω)
    ⍛ ω+''
`
/*
not added as primitive since OPsub routes ⍕.mod calls to format0
non-modified format ⍕ is handled by vf, see fmapIn
todo:
string ops: toString, pad, trim, justify     // no α but δ given
.s sprintf style  ω is VM (α for each element), table (α for each row)
*/

⍎ `
∇ ⊙.test.create
    // ⍞ '⊙.test.create'
    123 != '123px' ⍙ #                          → throw_ 'error: ⍙ # test failed'
    ⍙.v m,r
    r = '"1970-01-01T00:00:00.000Z"'
    r != ⍕.j 0 ⍙ @                              → throw_ 'error: ⍙ @ test failed'
    m = [['a',0],['b',1]] ⍙ {}
    1 != m.get('b')                             → throw_ 'error: ⍙ {} test failed'
    r = 'abc' ⍙.g '/'
    '/abc/g' != r.toString()                    → throw_ "error: ⍙ '\\/' failed"
    '[[]]' != ⍕.j ⍙ [[]]                        → throw_ 'error: ⍙ [[]] failed'
    '[[0,0,0],[0,0,0]]' != ⍕.j [ 2 3 ] ⍙ [[]]   → throw_ 'error: [] ⍙ [[]] failed'
    m = [ 3 3 ] ⍙.i [[]]
    '[[1,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,1]]' != ⍕.j m        → throw_ 'error: [] ⍙.i [[]] failed'
⊙.test.create 0
```

```
`

r += ⍝.er `
∇ mcode.typeof : r=1,s      // ∈    ∈ ω   or   α ∈ literal  true if α is typeof ω  [?] V or M

    // ⍞ 'typeof' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; 'ω.length' ⍞ ω.length // debug

    α!=null                          → {s=ω;ω=α;α=s} // swap for comparisons below

    // ( α=='[?]' ) ^ ( typeof⎓ ω.length ) == 'number' → ⍠ 1   // true if α is indexed [] string or Array
    ( α=='[?]' ) ^ ( ω instanceof⎓ Array ) → ⍠ 1    // true if α is any array type
    ω ≠ undefined                    → r = 'U'       // undefined   usually an error
    ◇ ω ≠ null                       → r = 'Θ'       // null        means 'nothing'
    ◇ ( ω instanceof⎓ Array )        →
        ω[0] instanceof⎓ Array       → r = '[[]]'    // matrix
        ◇ r = '[]'                                   // vector
    ◇ ω instanceof⎓ Map              → r = '{}'      // map (aka dictionary)
    // todo: table  r = '⍑'
    // below are scalar types:
    ◇ ω instanceof⎓ Function         → r = '()'      // function
    ◇ ω instanceof⎓ Date             → r = '@'       // date
    ◇ ( typeof⎓ ω ) ≠ 'boolean'      → r = '~'       // boolean
    ◇ ( typeof⎓ ω ) ≠ 'number'       → r = '#'       // number
    ◇ ω instanceof⎓ RegExp           → r = '/'       // regex
    ◇ ( typeof⎓ ω ) ≠ 'string'       → r = ''        // string  nb. does not show unless as JSON or quoted
    ◇ ( typeof⎓ ω ) ≠ 'object'       → r = '.'       // object
    // ◇ isObj ω
    α!=Θ → r = 0 + ( α ≠ r )                         // 1 if typeof α is symbol ω
    // ⍞ r // debug
    ⍠ r
    // ∇ isObj : p=Θ    // NIU getPrototypeof FAILS on DOM objects
    //     ( typeof⎓ω ) ≠ 'object' → p=Object.getPrototypeof(ω)
    //     ⍠ ω ^ ( ( ( p ≠ null ) ∨ p ≠ Object.prototype )
    // ∇ isObj : p=Object.getPrototypeof(ω)
    //     ⍠ ω ^ ( ( typeof⎓ω ) ≠ 'object' ) ^ ( ( p ≠ null ) ∨ p ≠ Object.prototype )
'∈' ⍙ mcode.typeof               // R arg is quoted for null ∈ L in transpiler fn 'OPsub'
`

r += ⍝.er `
∇ mcode.system : p,rs                            // system functions  set by modifier δ
    // many of these operations are specific to JavaScript in the Browser environment and the mcode IDE
    δ == Θ          → ⍞ mcode.guide()
    ◇ δ=='d'        → debugger                   // ⍞.d 0  calls debugger
    ◇ δ=='↑'        → throw⎓ 'error: ' + ω       // ⍞.↑  we're outta here via exception
    ◇ δ=='o'        → mcode.shellOpts = ω        // see 'mcodeOptions.debug' in mcode.js
    ◇ δ=='a'        → mcode.assertOpts = ω       // see ?=  mcode.assert
```

```
    ◇ δ=='m'        → mcode.msg(ω)                  // 'error' or 'ready' for mcode_ide.js
    ◇ δ=='tmo'      → setTimeout(ω)                 // call function ω after all other processing is done
    ◇ δ=='timer'    →                               // make async caller function wait
        □ 'timer ' + ω + 'ms'
        ▽ new_Promise_(rs=>setTimeout(()=>rs(0),ω)) // use await_ in ∇.a (async) fn
    ◇ δ=='busy'     → mcode.setBusy()               // creates promise for IDE
    ◇ δ=='done'     → mcode.done(ω)                 // resolves promise, ω is return data
    ◇ δ=='wait'     →                               // make IDE wait
        mcode.setBusy()
        setTimeout(()=>mcode.done('waited '+ω+'ms'),ω)
'⫶' ∆ mcode.system
`

≛ `
∇ ⊙.test.typeof : V,M,x=0,y='abc',p={}
    // □ '⊙.test.typeof'
    ~ x ∈ #             → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on #'
    ~ y ∈ ''            → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on " var'
    ~ p ∈ .             → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on object'

    V = [ 0 1 2 ]
    '[]' != ∈ V         → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on []'

    M ← [   'a', 0
            'b', 1 ]
    '[[]]' != ∈ M       → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on [[]]'

    1 != M ∈ [?]        → ⫶.↑ '∈ test failed on [?]'
⊙.test.typeof 0
`

r += ≛.er `
∇ mcode.shape0                          // ρ    simple length ω  if ω is []
    ω ∈ [] → ▽ ω.length                 //      nb. full ρ is defined later
    ω ∈ [[]] → ▽ [ω.length,ω[0].length]
    ▽ [ 0 ]
'ρ' ∆ mcode.shape0

∇ mcode.push0                           // ↓    simple push ω on to stack α  if α is []
    α ∈ [?] →  α.push(ω)                //      nb. full ↓ is defined later
    ▽ α
'↓' ∆ mcode.push0

∇ mcode.concat0                         // ;    simple concat ω to α
    α ∈ # → α = [ α ]                   //      nb. full ; is defined later
    α ∈ [] →  α = α.concat(ω)
```

```
    ∇ α
';' ∆ mcode.concat0

∇ mcode.iota0 : r=[],i=0                    // ι    simple generation of vector 0..n
    α ≠ ⊖ →                                 //      nb. full ⍳ is defined later
        i < ω ⍰ r.push(i++) ; ∇ r
        ∇ r
'ι' ∆ mcode.iota0
`

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.select : r=[],b                     // []   ω[α]
    // ⍞ 'select'
    // ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ ∈ ω
    // nb. in JS, []==[] is false
    ω.length==0 → ∇ ⊖
    ω ∈ # → ω = [ ω ]                       // cvt scalar to vector
    ω ∈ [?] →                               // ω is [] or [[]]
        α ∈ # → ∇ ω[α]                      // if α is scalar then r is ω[α]
        α ∈ [] → b ⍰ α : r ↓ ω[b] ; ∇ r     // return vector of ω[α]
    ω ∈ {} →                                // ω is map
        α!=⊖ →
            δ ≠ ⊖ → ∇ ω.get(α)
            ∇ ω.set(α,δ)
        ∇ ω
    ω ∈ . →
        α ≠ ⊖ →
            ∇ Object.keys(ω)
        ∇ ω[α]
    ∇ 0
'[]' ∆ mcode.select
`
/*
nb. see Array.copyWithin()
https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Array/copyWithin
nb. selective assignment is written as ω[α] =   or ω[i,j] =
α [].v ω  or  α [].ω v  ?
[]= cb. for selective assignment as in  [ 1 3 5 ] []=.v [ 2 4 6 ]
see:
https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Array/with
*/

⍋ `
∇ ⊙.test.select : V,S,P,T
    // ⍞ '⊙.test.select'
    V = [ 3 4 5 ]
```

```
    // '[3,4]' != ⍎.j
    4 != 1 ⌷ V                          → ⍰.↑ '⌷ test select 0 failed'
    '[3,4]' != ⍎.j [ 0 1 ] ⌷ V          → ⍰.↑ '⌷ test select 1 failed'
    S = [['ab','cd'],'ef',['uvw','xyz']]
    '["ef",["ab","cd"],["uvw","xyz"]]' != ⍎.j [ 1 0 2 ] ⌷ S → ⍰.↑ '⌷ test 2 failed'

    P = [['a',0],['b',1]] ⍙ {}
    'c' ⌷.2 P
    2 != 'c' ⌷ P                        → ⍰.↑ '⌷ test select 2 failed'

    T={a:1,b:2}
    2 != 'b' ⌷ T                        → ⍰.↑ '⌷ test select 3 failed'
⊙.test.select 0
`

/*
nb. operators are called as:    mcode.each( α, ω, [op_mod,[f0,mod0]] );
eg.
0 ⊢.a ¨.b 1                         mcode.each( 0, 1, ['b',[mcode.nyi,'a']] );
0 ⊢.⊙.x ¨.⊙.y 1                     mcode.each( 0, 1, [_cp.y,[mcode.nyi,_cp.x]] );
    // nb. ⊙.y contains the modifier value for each ¨
*/

r += '\n// Operator functions'
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.each : b,c,f,fm,i=0,n,r=[],t=[]
    // ⌷ 'each' ; ⌷ α ; ⌷ ω ; ⌷ δ ; 'ϵ α' ⌷ ϵ α ; 'ϵ ω' ⌷ ϵ ω
    [f,fm]=δ[1]
    // ⌷ f ; ⌷ fm

    ( ω ϵ . ) ^ α ϵ [] →
        // each obj
        b ⍤ α
            r ↓ f(b,ω,fm)
        ⍛ r

    ~ α ϵ [?] → α = [ α ]
    ~ ω ϵ [?] → ω = [ ω ]

    ω ϵ [] →
        α ϵ [] →
            // each α paired with each ω
            n = 0 ⌷ ⍴ α
            b ⍤ ω
                // '  VV α' ⌷ α[i%n] ; '  ω' ⌷ b
                r ↓ f(α[i++%n],b,fm)
```

```
            ⍛ r
        b ⌸ ω
            r ↓ f(α,b,fm)
        ⍛ r
    ω ∈ [[]] →
        α ∈ [] →
            // each α paired with each b of ω rows
            n = 0 ⌷ ⍴ α
            b ⌸ ω
                i = 0
                c ⌸ b : t ↓ f(α[i++%n],c,fm)
                r ↓ t ; t = []
            ⍛ r
    α ∈ [[]] →
        throw⎓ 'error: each on matrix α is NYI'
    ⍛ 0
'¨' ⍙ mcode.each
`

⍎ `
∇ ⊙.test.each : cn,M,S,T
    // ⌷ 'test.each'
    '[4]' != ⍤.j 2 * ¨ 2                              → ⍰.⍎ 'each scalar failed'
    '[4,6]' != ⍤.j 2 * ¨ [ 2 3 ]                      → ⍰.⍎ 'each SV failed'
    '[0,1]' != ⍤.j + ¨ [ '0' '1' ]                    → ⍰.⍎ 'each + unary failed'
    '[2,4]' != ⍤.j 2 * ¨ [ 1 2 ]                      → ⍰.⍎ 'each 0 * failed'
    '[3,5,5]' != ⍤.j [ 1 2 ] { α + ω } ¨ [ 2 3 4 ]    → ⍰.⍎ 'each V {} failed'
    cn ← { (α+'')+'x'+(ω+'') }
    '["0x1","0x2"]' != ⍤.j 0 cn ¨ [ 1 2 ]             → ⍰.⍎ 'each foo failed'
    M ← [   0, 1
            2, 3    ]
    '[[1,2],[3,4]]' != ⍤.j 1 +. ¨ M                   → ⍰.⍎ 'each matrix failed'
    S ← [   'ab', 'cd'
            'ef', 'gh'  ]
    '[["xb","cd"],["ef","xh"]]' != ⍤.j 'x' { ω.replace(/a|g/g,α) } ¨ S → ⍰.⍎ 'each string matrix failed'
    T={a:1,b:2}
    '[2,1]' != ⍤.j [ 'b' 'a' ] ⌷ ¨ T                  → ⍰.⍎ 'each object failed'
    ⍛ 0
    try⎓
        ⍎.m \``each 0 ⊢' ⌷ 0 ¨ [ 1 2 ]    // parsing error test (missing fn left of operator)\`
    catch⎓
        ⌷ 'error: in test.each'
⊙.test.each 0
`

r += ⍎.er `
```

```
∇ mcode.reduce : b,f,r=null         // ≠ reduce by applying fn δ over ω  r=α at start
    // ⍞ 'reduce' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ δ
    [f,fm]=δ[1]
    // ⍞ f ; ⍞ fm

    // f == mcode.max → ⍛ Math.max(...ω)    // todo: optimize?
    // f == mcode.min → ⍛ Math.min(...ω)
    ω ∈ # → ω = [ ω ]
    ω ∈ [?] →
        α ≒ ⍬ →
            b ⍜ ω : r=f(r,b,fm)
            ⍛ r
        b ⍜ ω :
            r ≒ null →
                r = b ; ↑
            r=f(r,b,fm)
    ⍛ r
'≠' ⍙ mcode.reduce
`

⍟ `
∇ ⊙.test.reduce : cn,r,avg
    // ⍞ 'test.reduce'
    // nb. α is initial value and is used to set dyadic call to +
    2 != 0 ⌊ ≠ [ 2 3 ]                      → ⍰.↑ 'reduce ⌊ failed' // dyadic min of vector
    3 != 0 ⌈ ≠ [ 2 3 ]                      → ⍰.↑ 'reduce ⌈ failed' // dyadic max of vector
    5 != 0 + ≠ [ 2 3 ]                      → ⍰.↑ 'reduce + failed'
    avg ← { ( 0 + ≠ ω ) / ⍴ ω }
    2.5 != avg [ 2 3 ]                      → ⍰.↑ 'reduce avg failed'
    1 != + ≠ [ '0' '1' ]                    → ⍰.↑ 'reduce + failed'
    3 != 0 + ≠ [ 1 2 ]                      → ⍰.↑ 'reduce 0 + failed'
    '1x2' != 0 { (α+'')+'x'+(ω+'') } ≠ [ 1 2 ]        → ⍰.↑ 'reduce {} failed'
    cn ← { (α+'')+'x'+(ω+'') }
    '1x2' != 0 cn ≠ [ 1 2 ]                 → ⍰.↑ 'reduce cn failed'
⊙.test.reduce 0
`

/*
r += ⍟.er `
∇ mcode.scan : b,f,i=0,r=0
    ⍞ 'scan' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ δ
    ⍞ 'scan is not yet implemented'  // zvzv NYI
    ⍛ r
'⍀' ⍙ mcode.scan
`
*/
```

```
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.power : m,f,fm,i=0,r=α
    // □ 'power' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    // nb. power function α is r  δ is [mod,i]
    m = δ[0] ; [f,fm]=δ[1]
    // □ m ; □ ∈ m ; □ f ; □ fm
    ( m ∈ # ) ^ m>0 →
        i<m ⍈
            // '  i' □ i ; '  mod' □ [fm,i]
            r = f(r,ω,[fm,i]) ; i++
    ( m ∈ () ) →
        ( i m r ) ^ i<1000 ⍈                // nb. runaway limit
            r = f(r,ω,[fm,i]) ; i++
    ⍒ r
'⍤' ⍙ mcode.power
`

⍋ `
∇ ⊙.test.power
    // □ 'test.power'
    2 != 0 + ⍤.2 1              → ⌷.↑ 'power 1 failed'
    p2 ← { δ[1] }
    2 != 0 p2 ⍤.3 1             → ⌷.↑ 'power p2 failed'
    ⊙.c ← { α < 5 }               // end condition function
    6 != 1 { α + 1 } ⍤.⊙.c 2    → ⌷.↑ 'power p+ failed'
⊙.test.power 0
`

/*
`
∇ mcode.at : m,f,i=0,r
    □ 'at' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    □ 'at is not yet implemented'  // zvzv NYI
    ⍒ r
'@' ⍙ mcode.at
`
// □ 'todo: write and test at'
*/

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.rmset
    □ 'rmset not yet implemented'
    ⍒ 0

∇ mcode.factorial
```

```
    ⎕ 'factorial not yet implemented'
    ⍬ 0

∇ mcode.binomial
    ⎕ 'binomial not yet implemented'
    ⍬ 0
`
r += '\n// Vectorized functions'
r += ⍎.er `
∇ mcode.outer : c,r=[]                  // ∘    apply δ over each α paired with each ω
    // outer or cartesian product
    /// notebook outer1 3 tex //Large{ r_{ij} = //delta(//alpha_i,//omega_j)}
```

$$r_{ij} = \delta(\alpha_i, \omega_j)$$

```
    // ⎕ 'outer' ; ⎕ α ; ⎕ ω ; ⎕ δ
    ∇ w : b,s=[]                        // process cols
        b ⍤ ω : s ↓ δ(α,b) ; ⍬ s
    c ⍤ α : r ↓ w(c,ω,δ)                // process rows
    ⍬ r
`

r += ⍎.er `
∇ mcode.vf : f0=null,f1=null
    // at,wt,as,ws

    // vf handles vectorized functions
    // refs:
    //  https://tryapl.org/
    //  https://help.dyalog.com/18.2/index.htm#Language/Primitive%20Operators/Inner%20Product.htm
    //  https://daveremba.com/blogs/os_general/vmath.h  see Matrix * Vector

    // calls to vectorized function handler:
    // op(α,ω,[f0,f1])  where fN = [opN,modN]
    // mcode.vf( α, ω, [ f0, f1 ] )

    // ⎕ 'mcode.vf' ; ⎕ α ; ⎕ ω
    // 'δ0' ⎕ δ[0] ; 'δ1' ⎕ δ[1]

    δ[0] != ⍬ → f0 = δ[0,0];    // set vectorized functions
    δ[1] != ⍬ → f1 = δ[1,0];
    // f1 ⍨ ⍬ → f1 ← { ω } // test
    // ⎕ f0 ; ⎕ f1

    // special cases using array spread
    f0=='norm'      → ⍬ α*Math.hypot(...ω)
```

```
    f0=='atan2'     → ⍛ Math.atan2(...⍵)

    ⍺ ⍷ # → ⍺ = [ ⍺ ]           // scalar to vector promotion
    ⍵ ⍷ # → ⍵ = [ ⍵ ]

    // outer product handler
    f0=='outer' → ⍛ mcode.outer(⍺,⍵,f1)

    // nb. inner product ⍺ f0.f1 ⍵ expands to f0 ⌿ ⍺ f1 ⍤ ⍵
    // dot product is a special case +.×
    // APL: f0 / ⍺ f1 ⍤ ⍵    mcode: f0 ⌿ ⍺ f1 ⍤ ⍵

    // define handlers

    ∇ MM : i=0,j=0,k=0,t,u
        // ⍺ and ⍵ are matrices, and u is size i,j of result matrix t
        // ⎕ 'MM'
        u = ( 0 ⌷ ⍴ ⍺ ) , 1 ⌷ ⍴ ⍵ ;
        t = u ⍙ [[]]
        // ⎕ u ; ⎕ t
        // if f0 = null then we have element by element operation:
        /// notebook vfMM1 3 tex //Large{t_{ij} = f_1({//alpha_{ij},//omega_{ij})}}
```

$$t_{ij} = f_1(\alpha_{ij}, \omega_{ij})$$

```
        f1 ↔ ⍬ →
            i ⍸ ⍳ 0 ⌷ u : j ⍸ ⍳ 1 ⌷ u
                t[i,j] = ⍺[i,j] f0 ⍵[i,j]
            ⍛ t

        // if f0 = sum and f1 = times then we have matrix multiply:
        /// notebook vfMM2 4 tex //Large{t_{ij} = //sum_{k} {//alpha_{ik} //times //omega_{kj}}}
```

$$t_{ij} = \sum_k \alpha_{ik} \times \omega_{kj}$$

```
        // the general case is:
        /// notebook vfMM3 3 tex //Large{t_{ij} = f_0(t_{ij},f_1(//alpha_{ik},//omega_{kj}))}
```

$$t_{ij} = f_0(t_{ij}, f_1(\alpha_{ik}, \omega_{kj}))$$

```
        i ⍸ ⍳ 0 ⌷ u : j ⍸ ⍳ 1 ⌷ u : k ⍸ ⍳ 1 ⌷ ⍴ ⍺
            t[i,j] = t[i,j] f0 ⍺[i,k] f1 ⍵[k,j]
        ⍛ t
    ∇ MV : i=0,j=0,t,u,v
        f1 ↔ ⍬ →
            u = ⍴ ⍺ ; v = 0 ⌷ ⍴ ⍵ ; t = u ⍙ [[]]
            i ⍸ ⍳ 0 ⌷ u : j ⍸ ⍳ 1 ⌷ u
                t[i,j] = ⍺[i,j] f0 ⍵[j%v]
```

```
            ⍛ t
        u = 0 ⍮ ρ α ; v = ρ ω ; t = u ⍙ []
        i ⍳ ⍳ u : j ⍳ ⍳ 1 ⍮ ρ α
            t[i] = t[i] f0 α[i,j] f1 ω[j%v]
        ⍛ t
    ∇ VM : i=0,j=0,t,u,v
        f1 ↭ θ →
            u = ρ ω ; v = 0 ⍮ ρ α ; t = u ⍙ [[]]
            i ⍳ ⍳ 0 ⍮ u : j ⍳ ⍳ 1 ⍮ u
                t[i,j] = α[i%v] f0 ω[i,j]
            ⍛ t
        u = 0 ⍮ ρ ω ; v = ρ α ; t = u ⍙ []
        i ⍳ ⍳ u : j ⍳ ⍳ 1 ⍮ ρ ω
            t[j] = t[j] f0 α[i%v] f1 ω[i,j]
        ⍛ t
    ∇ VV : i=0,j=0,t,u,v,n,r=0
        max ← { Math.max(α,ω) }
        n = ( ρ ω ) max ( ρ α ) ; u = ρ α ; v = ρ ω ; t = n ⍙ []
        f1 ↭ θ →
            i ⍳ ⍳ n : t[i] = α[i%u] f0 ω[i%v]
            ⍛ t
        i ⍳ ⍳ n : r = r f0 α[i%u] f1 ω[i%v]
        ⍛ r

    // dispatch handlers
    ω ⍷ [[]] →
        α ⍷ [[]] → ⍛ α MM ω
        α ⍷ [] → ⍛ α VM ω
        ⍛ 0
    ( ω ⍷ [] ) ^ α ⍷ [[]] → ⍛ α MV ω
    ( ω ⍷ [] ) ^ α ⍷ [] → ⍛ α VV ω
    ω ⍷ [] → ⍛ [] VV ω

    ⍛ 0
`

r += '\n// General data and assert functions'
r += ⍎.er `
mcode.assertOpts='';
∇ mcode.assert : r,b,d='assert',e,s   // ?=   assert α = 'code result'
    // δ :  x  use ω as result only, do not execute ⍎ ω
    //      d  show debug messages
    //      t  do not throw on errors
    // uses built-in != with JSON rather than vectorized comparison
    ∇ opts : X,Y
        ⍛ (mcode.assertOpts.indexOf(ω)>=0) ∨ b.indexOf(ω)>=0
```

```
    b = δ==null?'':δ
    e = opts 'd'
    // e →
    //     □ 'assert' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    opts 'x' → r = ⍤.j ω
    ◇
        r = ⍤.j ⍥ ω ; d += ' of ' + ω   // add expr tested to d
    α != r →
        s = d+' failed: ' + α + ' ?= ' + ω + ', got '+r
        opts 't' → '' □ s
        ◇ ⍰.↑ s
    ◇ e → □ d+' passed: ' + α + ' == ' + ω
    ⍛ r
'?=' ⍙ mcode.assert
`

⍥ `
∇ ⊙.test.format
    '[3,0]' ?= '⍤ [ π 0.1234 ]'
    '[3.142,0.123]' ?= '3 ⍤ [ π 0.1234 ]'   // nb. JSON result is a string
⊙.test.format 0
`

⍥ `
∇ ⊙.test.vf0
    '[1,3]' ?= '⍦ [ 1.1 2.9 ]'
    '[2.236]' ?= '3 ⍤ 1 ⍦ [ 1 2 ]'
    '[0.464]' ?= '3 ⍤ atan2θ [ 1 2 ]'
    '[2,5]' ?= '⌈ [ 1.1 4.8 ]'
    '[3,4]' ?= '[ 3 2 ] ⌈ [ 1 4 ]'
    '[3]' ?= '1 +. 2'
    '[2,3]' ?= '[ 1 2 ] +. 1'
    '[2,3]' ?= '1 +. [ 1 2 ]'
    '[2,4]' ?= '[ 0 1 ] +. [ 2 3 ]'
    '5' ?= '1 +.× [ 2 3 ]'
    ⍛ 0
⊙.test.vf0 0
`

⍥ `
∇ ⊙.test.vf1 : M,N,V
    // □ 'test.vf1'
    // ⍰.a 'd'
    // nb. M,N,V are locals instead of in ⊙, so we use ?=.x not ?=
    //  (no execute form)
```

```
// nb. M f.g N is f / g on M cols and N rows

M ← [   1,  2
        3,  4   ]
N ← [   5,  6
        7,  8   ]
V ← [   9,  10  ]
// ⎕ M ; ⎕ N ; ⎕ V

'[[2,3],[4,5]]' ?=.x 1 +. M
'[[2,3],[4,5]]' ?=.x M +. 1
'[[2,4],[6,8]]' ?=.x M +. M

// inner product tests
'[[19,22],[43,50]]' ?=.x M +.× N
'[[23,34],[31,46]]' ?=.x N +.× M
'[29,67]' ?=.x M +.× V
'[39,58]' ?=.x V +.× M
'[12,18]' ?=.x 3 +.× M
'[9,21]'  ?=.x M +.× 3

/* APL verification:
      M ← 2 2 ⍴ ⍳ 4
      M
1 2
3 4
      N ← M + 4
      N
5 6
7 8
      V ← 9 10
      V
9 10
      M +.× N
19 22
43 50
      N +.× M
23 34
31 46
      M +.× V
29 67
      V +.× M
39 58
*/

⍎ 0
```

```
⊙.test.vf1 0
`

⍏ `
∇ ⊙.test.vf2
    // ⍞ 'vectorized functions'
    // ⍠.a 'd'
    '[2,4]' ?= '⌈ [ 1.2 3.4 ]'
    '[[0,0],[2,3]]' ?= '[[0],[1]] +.× [[2,3]]'
    // nb. vectors are treated as column vectors when appropriate, without transposition
    '[0,2]' ?= '[[0],[1]] +.× [2,3]'
    '3' ?= '[0,1] +.× [2,3]'
    '[3,0]' ?= '[ 2 3 ] +.× [[0],[1]]'
    '3' ?= '[ 2 3 ] +.× [ 0 1 ]'
    '[2,4]' ?= '[ 0 1 ] +. [ 2 3 ]'
    '[3,4]' ?= '1 +. [ 2 3 ]'
    '[2]' ?= '1 +. 1'
    '[2,3]' ?= '2 ⌈ ⌈ [ 0.1 2.7 ]'
    '[7.07107]' ?= '5 ⍣ 1 ⍟ [ 3 4 5 ]'
    '[0,1]' ?= 'sinθ [ 0 π/2.0 ]'
    '[1,2]' ?= '1 ⌈ [ 0 2 ]'
    '[0,2]' ?= '⌈ [ 0 2 ]'
    '[2,3]' ?= '2 ⌈ ⌈ [ 0.1 2.7 ]'
⊙.test.vf2 0
`

⍏ `
∇ ⊙.test.matrix : t,a
    t = π ÷ 2
    '[1]' ?= 'sinθ 0.5 × π'
    '[1]' ?= 'sinθ π ÷ 2'
    '[1.571]' ?= '3 ⍣ atan2θ [ 1 0 ]'
    ⊙.Mz ← [    cosθ t,     - sinθ t,       0,  // rotate on Z axis
                sinθ t,     cosθ t,         0,
                0,           0,             1   ]
    // 'Mz' ⍞ ⊙.Mz
    '-1' ?= '⊙.Mz[0,1]'
    ⍢ ⊙.Mz        // delete
⊙.test.matrix 0
`

⍏ `
∇ ⊙.test.outer
    // ⍞ 'test.outer'
    '[[1]]' ?= '0 ∘.+ 1'
    '[[4,5],[5,6]]' ?= '[ 1 2 ] ∘.+ [ 3 4 ]'
```

```
    '[[3,4],[6,8]]' ?= '[ 1 2 ] ∘.× [ 3 4 ]'
    ⍛ 0
⊙.test.outer 0
`

/* NIU each Map
r += ⍟.er `
∇ mcode.each : k,v,r=[]                  // ¨    apply α over ω   uses vf
    ω ∈ {} →
        [k,v] ⌺ ω : r.push( k α v )      //  map
        ⍛ r
    ⍛ mcode.vf(δ,ω,[α,null])
'¨' ⍙ mcode.each
`

⍟ `
∇ ⊙.test.eachMap : U,V,M,r=[]
    V = [ 0 1 2 ]
    U = [ 2 3 ]
    // ⍞ V ; ⍞ U
    '[[0,2],[1,3],[2,2]]' ?=.x ⍣.j V { [α,ω] } ¨ U     // .x since U,V are locals

    M ← [   'k1',   0,
            'k2',   1   ]
    // ⍞ M
    Mp = M ⍙ {}                          // create map
    // ⍞ Mp
    { r.push( [ α , ω ] ) } ¨ Mp         // iterate over map
    r = ⍣.j r
    '[["k1",0],["k2",1]]' ?=.x r         // check
⊙.test.eachMap 0
`
*/

/* NIU zvzv
r += ⍟.er `
∇ mcode.notEqual : r=1,i=0          // ≠    hybrid function for arrays  strings  scalars
    // ⍞ 'notEqual' ; ⍞ α instanceof_ Array ; ⍞ ω instanceof_ Array
    ( α instanceof_ Array ) ^ ( ω instanceof_ Array ) ^ α.length==ω.length →
        i < α.length ⍰ α[i]!=ω[i++] → ⍗
        r = 0
    ◇ r = Number(α!=ω)          // nb. cast result to number
    ⍛ r
'≠' ⍙ mcode.notEqual
`
```

```
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.equal                          // =    calls ≠
    ⍠ Number( ! α ≠ ω )
'≈' ⍙ mcode.equal
*/

⍋ `
∇ ⊙.test.equals
    ⍞ '⊙.test.equals'
    // equality, matrix, and assert tests
    // 1 ?=.x 1                        // assert test (no mexec)
    1 ?= '1'                       // assert test
    ⊙.M ← ⍙ '[[]]'                 // create test  use ⊙ so assert can do mexec
    1 ?= \`'[[]]' ≈ ⍷ ⊙.M \`
    0 ?= \`'[[]]' ≠ ⍷ ⊙.M\`
    '[[]]' ?= '⍷ ⊙.M'
    ⊙.M ← [ 1, 0, 0,               // also does create and initializes
            0, 1, 0,
            0, 0, 1, ]
    ⊙.N ← [ 0, 1, 2 ]
    '[[]]' ?= '⍷ ⊙.M'
    '[]' ?= '⍷ ⊙.N'
    ⍢ ⊙.M ;  ⍢ ⊙.N
    // ⍞ ⊙
// ⊙.test.equals 0
`

/*
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.theta : r
    // NIU - replaced, performance better as direct calls in OPsub()
    // was: implements trig fns and also tests switch/case
    α ≈ 'atan2' → r = Math.atan2(ω,δ)          // 'atan2' θ.x y
    ◇ ⍁.s α                                    // switch on fn name
        ⍁ 'sin'   : r = Math.sin(ω)   ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'cos'   : r = Math.cos(ω)   ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'tan'   : r = Math.tan(ω)   ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'sinh'  : r = Math.sinh(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'cosh'  : r = Math.cosh(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'tanh'  : r = Math.tanh(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'asin'  : r = Math.asin(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'acos'  : r = Math.acos(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'atan'  : r = Math.atan(ω)  ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'asinh' : r = Math.asinh(ω) ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'acosh' : r = Math.acosh(ω) ; ⍗
        ⍁ 'atanh' : r = Math.atanh(ω) ; ⍗
```

```
        ⍬.d       : r = Math.PI                 // default is pi, NIU: use π symbol
    ⍛ r
'θ' ⍙.L 'theta'                                 // Left arg is unquoted
`
*/

r += ⍟.er `
∇ mcode.concatenate : r=θ,i=0,e,t                // ⍪  ravel or concatenate
    // ⍞ 'concatenate' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ δ

    α ≠ θ →                                      // monadic: ravel

        ω ∈ [?] →
            ω[0] ∈ ''    → ⍛ ω.join('')          // join as string, no delimiter
            1 == ⍴ ω     → ⍛ ω[0]                // [ x ] to x
            ⍛ ω.flat()                           // like APL's enlist, make depth 1

    δ == θ →                                     // default is concat/join first (row) axis

        α ∈ '' → ⍛ ω.join(α)                     // join as string

        ( α.concat ∈ () ) ^ ω.concat ∈ () →      // concat if both are arrays or matrices
            ⍛ α.concat(ω)

    ◇ ( δ == 'r' )  →                            // laminate first (rows) axis
        α ∈ [[]] →                               // α is matrix, append ω to last col of α
            r = 11  // todo: NYI
        ◇
            r = [α] ; r.push(ω)
    ◇ ( δ == 'c' )  →                            // laminate second (columns) axis
        α ∈ [[]] →                               // α is matrix, append ω to last col of α
            r = []
            e ⍜ α : r.push(e.concat(ω[i++]))
        ◇
            r = α.concat(ω)
    ⍛ r
    // todo: catenate on strings? (but immutable), table (row or col)
'⍪' ⍙ mcode.concatenate
`


⍟ `
∇ ⊙.test.concatenate
    // ⍞ 'test.concatenate'
    // ⍠.a 'd'
    '"ab"'  ?= \` ⍪ [ 'a' 'b' ]\`
    '"axb"' ?= \` 'x' ⍪ [ 'a' 'b' ]\`
```

```
    ⊙.M ← [ 1, 2,
            3, 4 ]
    ⊙.V ← [ 0, 1, 2 ]
    // □ ⊙.V ; □ ⊙.M
    // 'r' □ ⊙.V ⍪.r ⊙.V
    ⊙.W = [[0,1],2,3]
    '[0,1,2,3]' ?= '⍪ ⊙.W'                    // ravel
    '["ab","cd","ef","gh"]' ?= "⍪ [['ab','cd'],['ef','gh']]"    // ravel string matrix

    '[0,1,2,0,1,2]' ?= '⊙.V ⍪ ⊙.V'            // concat/join vectors
    '[[0,1,2],[0,1,2]]'  ?= '⊙.V ⍪.r ⊙.V'     // laminate vector to make matrix
    '[[1,2],[3,4],0,1,2]' ?= '⊙.M ⍪ ⊙.V'      // concat matrix to vector
    '[0,1,2,[1,2],[3,4]]' ?= '⊙.V ⍪ ⊙.M'      // concat vector to matrix
    '[[1,2,0],[3,4,1]]' ?= '⊙.M ⍪.c ⊙.V'      // laminate cols of matrix with vector
    '[0,1,2,[1,2],[3,4]]' ?= '⊙.V ⍪.c ⊙.M'    // laminate vector to matrix
⊙.test.concatenate 0
`

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.iota : r=[],i=0,b,c                   // ⍳    generate  or  where
    // □ 'iota' ; □ ⍺ ; □ ⍵
    ⍺ ⍒ ⍬ →                                   // monadic: generate vector of 0..n
        i < ⍵ ⍰ r.push(i++) ; ∇ r
        ∇ r
//    ( ⍺ ∈ [] ) ^ ⍵ ∈ [] →                     // indices of ⍺ in ⍵ [ ]  r is [ ]
//        b ⌺ ⍺ : c ⌺ ⍵ :
//            b == c → r.push(c) ◇ r.push(null);
//        ∇ r
    ( ⍺ ∈ [] ) ^ ⍵ ∈ {} →                     // values of ⍵ when key ⍺ found in ⍵  r is [ ]
        b ⌺ ⍺ :
            c=⍵.get(b) ; r.push(c??null)
        ∇ r
    ⍺ ∈ '' →
        ! ⍵ ∈ '' → ∇ -1                       // ⍺ not in ⍵
        ∇ ⍵.indexOf(⍺)                        // string ⍺ in string ⍵
    // NIU - use ⍺ ⍳ ¨ ⍵
    // ( ⍺ ∈ '' ) ^ ⍵ ∈ [] →                  // string ⍺ in each string ⍵
    //     b ⌺ ⍵ :
    //         b ∈ '' →
    //             r ↓ b.indexOf(⍺)
    //         ◇ r ↓ -1
    //     ∇ r
    ∇ 0
'⍳' ⍙ mcode.iota
`
```

```
⍝ `
∇ ⊙.test.iota
    // ⍞ 'test.iota'
    '1' ?= 'x' ⍳ 'axb'
    ⊙.M ← [ 0, 'a',
            1, 'b' ]
    ⊙.m = ⊙.M ⍙ {}
    // ⍞ ⊙.m ; 't' ⍞ [ 0 2 ] ⍳ ⊙.m
    '["a",null]' ?= '[ 0 2 ] ⍳ ⊙.m'    // search map
    '[1,-1]' ?= \`'ab' ⍳ ¨ [ 'xab' 'cde' ]\`  // search each string
⊙.test.iota 0
`

r += ⍝.er `
∇ mcode.shape : r=[],b,c,i=0,j              // ρ    length or size of ω
    //                                      or  reshape vector ω by vector α
    // ⍞ 'shape' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ ∈ ω
    α ≠ ⍬ →
        ω ∈ [[]] → r=[ω.length,ω[0].length] // assumes matrix not ragged
        ◇ ω ∈ [] → r=[ω.length]
        ◇ ω ∈ {} → r=ω.size                 // nb. non-vector result for maps
        ◇ ω ∈ # → r=0                       // shape of scalar and rank 0
        ◇ ω ∈ '' → ⍛ ω.length               // string
        ◇ r = null                          // non-array type
        ⍛ r

    ω ∈ # → ω = [ ω ]                       // convert scalar ω to vector
    ω ∈ [[]] → ω = ω.flat()                 // convert array to vector
    ! ( ω ∈ [] ) → ⍛ r
    ◇ ω.length ≠ 0 → ⍛ r                    // can't reshape nothing
    ◇ α ∈ [] →                              // reshape vector ω into matrix
        α.length < 2 → α = [ α 1 ]
        i < α[0] ⍇                          // i : row  j : ω index  c : col
            b = [] ; c=0 ; c < α[1] ⍇
                j = (i*α[1]+c)%ω.length
                b=b.concat(ω[j]) ; c++
            r.push(b) ; i++
    ◇ α ∈ # →                               // reshape vector ω into new vector
        i < α ⍇
            j=i%(ω.length) ; r.push(ω[j]); i++
    ⍛ r
'ρ' ⍙ mcode.shape
`

⍝ `
∇ ⊙.test.shape
```

```
    // ⎕ 'test.shape'
    ⊙.M ← [ 1, 2,
            3, 4 ]
    ⊙.V ← [ 0, 1, 2 ]
    '3' ?= \`⍴ 'abc'\`
    ⊙.M = ⊙.V ⍪.r ⊙.V
    // ⎕ ⊙.V ; ⎕ ⊙.M ;
    // 'shape V' ⎕ ⍴ ⊙.V
    '[3]' ?= '⍴ ⊙.V'
    // 'shape M' ⎕ ⍴ ⊙.M
    '[2,3]' ?= '⍴ ⊙.M'
    // 'rank V' ⎕ ⍴ ⍴ ⊙.V
    '[1]' ?= '⍴ ⍴ ⊙.V'
    // 'rank M' ⎕ ⍴ ⍴ ⊙.M
    '[2]' ?= '⍴ ⍴ ⊙.M'
    '[[0,1,2],[3,4,5]]' ?= '[ 2 3 ] ⍴ ⍳ 6'
    // 'reshape' ⎕ 4 ⍴ ⍳ 2
    '[0,1,0,1]' ?= '4 ⍴ ⍳ 2'
    // 'reshape 0 0 0 ' ⎕ 3 ⍴ 0
    '[0,0,0]' ?= '3 ⍴ 0'
    // '3x3 identity' ⎕ [ 3 3 ] ⍴ [ 1 0 0 0 ]
    '[[1,0,0],[0,1,0],[0,0,1]]' ?= '[ 3 3 ] ⍴ [ 1 0 0 0 ]'
⊙.test.shape 0
`

r += ⍏.er `
∇ mcode.push                                  // ↓    push ⍵ on to stack ⍺  or 'drop' ⍺ elements from ⍵
    // ⎕ 'push' ; ⎕ ⍺ ; ⎕ ⍵
    ⍺ ≠ null → ⎕ 'monadic ↓ not impl\\n'
    ( ⍺ ∈ [] ) ∨ ⍺ ∈ [[]] → ⍺.push(⍵)
    ◇ ( ⍵ ∈ [] ) ∨ ( ⍵ ∈ '' ) →               // drop  ⍺ is not [] or [[]]
        ⍺ > 0 → ⍈ ⍵.slice(⍺)                  // nb. slice does -not- modify strings, but does modify arrays
        ◇ ⍈ ⍵.slice(0,⍺)
    ⍈ ⍺
    // ?  zvzv
    // ◇ ⍺ ∈ [[]] →
    //     ⍺.splice(⍺.length,0,⍵) ; ⍈ ⍺
    // ◇ ⍺ ∈ [] →
    //     ⍺.push(⍵) ; ⍈ ⍺
'↓' ⍙ mcode.push

∇ mcode.pop : r                               // ↑    pop from stack ⍵  or 'take' ⍺ elements from ⍵
    ⍺ ≠ null →
        r = ⍵.pop() ; ⍈ r
    ◇ ( ⍵ ∈ [] ) ∨ ( ⍵ ∈ '' ) →               // take
        ⍺ > 0 → ⍈ ⍵.slice(0,⍺)                // nb. slice does -not- modify strings, but does modify arrays
```

```
        ◇ ▽ ω.slice(α)
    ▽ ω
'↑' △ mcode.pop
`

⌽ `
∇ ⊙.test.push
    // □ 'test.push'
    // ⊡.a 'd'
    ⊙.v = [ 'a', 'b' ]
    '["a","b","bks","del"]' ?= "( ⊙.v ↓ 'bks' ) ↓ 'del'"
    // '[0,1,2]' ?= 'ι 3'
    ⊙.v = ι 3
    '[0,1]' ?= '2 ↑ ⊙.v'
    '[2]' ?= '2 ↓ ⊙.v'
    ⊙.s = 'abc'
    '"ab"' ?= '2 ↑ ⊙.s'
    '"c"' ?= '-1 ↑ ⊙.s'
    '"a"' ?= '1 ↑ 2 ↑ ⊙.s'
    '"c"' ?= '2 ↓ ⊙.s'
    '"ab"' ?= '-1 ↓ ⊙.s'
⊙.test.push 0
`

r += ⌽.er `
∇ mcode.insert                                  // »    insert (at head or at index)
    // □ 'insert' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    ω ∈ [] →
        δ ⇋ θ → ω.unshift(α)
        δ ∈ # → ω.splice(δ,0,α)
    ◇ ω ∈ '' →
        δ ⇋ θ → ▽ α + ω
        δ ∈ # → ▽ ω.slice(0,δ)+α+ω.slice(δ)
        // nb. return by value, since strings are immutable
    ▽ ω
    // todo: insert at index
'»' △ mcode.insert

∇ mcode.remove
    ω ∈ [] → ω.shift(α)
    // todo: ◇ ω ∈ '' → ▽ α + ω                 // «    remove (from head or at index)
    ▽ ω
'«' △ mcode.remove
`

⌽ `
```

```
∇ ⊙.test.insert
    // □ 'test.insert'
    ⊙.s = 'abc' ; ⊙.v = ⍳ 3
    '[0,"xyz",1,2]' ?= '"xyz" ».1 [ 0 1 2 ]'
    '"xabc"' ?= '"x" » ⊙.s'
    '[[8,9],0,1,2]' ?= '[ 8 9 ] » ⊙.v'
    ⊙.v = ⍳ 3
    '["x",0,1,2]' ?= '"x" » ⊙.v'
    '"abcdef"' ?= '"abc" » "def"'
    '"dabcef"' ?= '"abc" ».1 "def"'
⊙.test.insert 0
`

r += ⍝.er `
∇ mcode.match : i                       // string search  δ : e exec
    α ∈ '/' →                           // α is a regexp
        δ==0 → ⍠ 0+α.test(ω)
        δ=='e' → ⍠ α.exec(ω)            // returns exec() array
        // δ=='m' → ⍠ α.matchAll(ω)     // returns matchAll() array  m flag required on regexp
    ◇ α ∈ '' →
        i=ω.indexOf(α) ; ⍠ 0+i>=0       // simple string search
'≡' ⍙ mcode.match

∇ mcode.replace                         // string replace   α regexp  δ replacement
    // □ 'replace' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    ω ∈ '' →
        α ∈ '/' →                       // α is a regexp
            α.global →
                ⍠ ω.replaceAll(α,δ)
            ⍠ ω.replace(α,δ)
        ⍠ ω.replaceAll(α,δ)
    ⍠ 0
'≠' ⍙ mcode.replace
`

⍝ `
∇ ⊙.test.string : e={}
    // □ 'test.string'
    ⊙.s = 'abc ok xyz abc'
    // 1 ?= '/ok/ ≡ ⊙.s'
    // '"abc nak xyz abc"' ?= '/ok/ ≠.nak ⊙.s'
    // '"def ok xyz def"'  ?= '/abc/g ≠.def ⊙.s'
    '"abcSokSxyzSabc"' ?=.x /\\s/g ≠.S ⊙.s
    '"abcSokSxyzSabc"' ?= '\/\\\\s\/g ≠.S ⊙.s'
    e.sl = 'L'
    '["L op y","L op2 y"]' ?=.x /x/g ≠.e.sl ¨ [ 'x op y' 'x op2 y' ]
```

```
⊙.test.string 0
`

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.split                                   // ⊃    split
    // □ 'split' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
    ω ∈ '' → ⍒ ω.split(α)
    ⍒ ω
'⊃' ⍙ mcode.split

∇ mcode.join                                    // ⊂    join
    // □ 'join' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ ; 't' □ ∈ ω
    ω ∈ [] → ⍒ ω.join(α)
    ⍒ ω
'⊂' ⍙ mcode.join
`

⍋ `
∇ ⊙.test.splitjoin
    '["abc","def"]' ?= "'x' ⊃ 'abcxdef'"
    '"abc;def"' ?= '";" ⊂ ["abc","def"]'
⊙.test.splitjoin 0
`

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.memberof : r=[],b                       // ∈    is α member of set ω  α and ω may be vectors
    ω ∈ {} → b ⌺ α : r ↓ ω.has(b)
    ◇ ω ∈ [] →
        α ∈ [] → b ⌺ α : r ↓ 0+ω.includes(b)
        ◇ r=0+ω.includes(α)
    ◇ ω ∈ '' → b ⌺ α : r ↓ 0+(ω.indexOf(b)>-1)
    ⍒ r
'∈' ⍙ mcode.memberof
`

⍋ `
∇ ⊙.test.memberof
    // ∈ test
    [ 1 0 ] ?= '[ 2 3 ] ∈ [ 0 1 2 ]'
// ⊙.test.memberof 0
`

r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.sort : d,rev=1                  // ⍋    sort list ω  α is a sort function
    // δ flags:    r reverse sort direction, v return value array else index array
    // □ 'sort' ; □ α ; □ ω ; □ δ
```

```
    ω ∈ # → ω = [ ω ]
    ! ω ∈ [] → ⍠ 0                  // ω must be a list
    d = ω.map((e,i)=>[i,e])         // build data array
    0 ≤ 'd' ι δ → rev=-1            // reverse sort direction
    ∇ comp
        // ⍞ 'comp' ; ⍞ α ; ⍞ ω ; ⍞ d
        α[1] > ω[1] → ⍠ rev
        α[1] < ω[1] → ⍠ -1*rev
        ⍠ 0
    α ⇆ θ → α ← comp                // set comparator fn
    d.sort(α)                       // sort data array in place
    // 'd sorted' ⍞ d
    0 ≤ 'v' ι δ →                   // return values, not indices
        ⍠ d.map(v=>v[1])
    ⍠ d.map(v=>v[0])                // return index array
'⍋' ⍙ mcode.sort

∇ mcode.sortDown
    ⍠ mcode.sort(α,ω,'r'+(δ??''))
'⍒' ⍙ mcode.sortDown

`
// see
// https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Array/sort#sorting_with_map

⍎ `
∇ ⊙.test.sort
    // ⍞ 'test.sort'
    ⊙.V = [ 'ab' 'xy' 'cd' ]
    '[0,2,1]' ?= '⊙.a = ⍋ ⊙.V'
    '["ab","cd","xy"]' ?= '⊙.a ⌷ ⊙.V'
    '["ab","cd","xy"]' ?= '⍒.v ⊙.V'
⊙.test.sort 0
`

// r += ⍎.er `
// ∇ mcode.quat                                    // matrix rotations and quaternion operations
//     ⍠ 0 // NYI
// 'O' ⍙ 'mcode.quat'      // or θ ?
// `

// todo: table functions
/*
    tables are objects similar to a database table
    format ⍕ converts tables to JSON or a readable text format
    create ⍙ creates new tables
```

```
*/

/* NIU
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.helpFn
    ⍵=='more' →
        ⍞ 0
    ⍕ ''

∇ mcode.roll
    δ=='help' → mcode.help()
    ◇ ⍵ ∈ '' → mcode.helpFn ⍵
    // roll or deal
    ⍕ ⍬
'?' ⍙ mcode.roll
`
*/

r += '\n// File read/write functions'
r += ⍋.er `
∇ mcode.read : p,f      // read something or load URL  δ is operation  α callback optional or returns promise
    // ⍞ 'mcode.read'
    // if α is null then  1) caller is async fn  2) mexec inserts await left of ⍄

    δ ↭ ⍬ →         ⍕ mcode.getURL(α,⍵)                 // read using fetch from server

    ◇ δ=='load' →   ⍕ mcode.loadURL(α,⍵)                // uses DOM createElement to load URL
    ◇ δ=='ls'   →   ⍕ mcode.getURL(α,'io.php?op=LS')    // file list
    ◇ δ=='ll'   →   ⍕ mcode.getURL(α,'io.php?op=LL')    // file list with details: ls -AgGhFR

    ◇ δ=='t' →                                          // make async function wait
        ⍞ 'read timer ' + ⍵ + 'ms'
        ⍕ new_Promise(rs=>setTimeout(()=>rs(0),⍵))      // async caller will wait
    ◇ δ=='p' →                                          // must be used in ∇.a  async fn
        p = new_Promise(rs=>f=rs)                       // save the resolver function
        ⍵ instanceof_ Function → ⍵ f    // fn ⍵ calls its ⍵ arg which is rs when done
        ⍕ p
    ◇ δ=='c' →              // read console/stdin, must be used in ∇.a  async fn
        // ⍞ 'mcode.getInput'
        ⍞.nnl ⍵
        ⍕ mcode.getInput 0  // returns promise to get console input (see mcode_ide)

    ⍕ ⍵

'⍄' ⍙ mcode.read            // nb. await is inserted by transpiler
`
```

```
≜ `
∇.a ⊙.test.futures : p      // async function
    ∇.a f                   // function that will complete in the future
        □ 'ok'
        ⧖.t 1000            // await for timer in ms  nb. IDE did not wait
        ω('done')           // ω is resolver fn
    p = ⧖.p f               // await inserted, f will return result in the future
    □ p
    p = ⧖.t 1000            // await for timer in ms  nb. IDE did not wait
    □ p
// ⊙.test.futures 0         // nb. test is NIU to not delay startup
`

r += ≜.er `
∇.a mcode.write : p   // write to server  restrictions on server side  α callback optional or returns promise
    // □ 'write' ; □ α ; □ δ
    p = await_fetch('io.php?op=PUT&fn='+δ+'&auth='+mcode.serverAuth,_
        method:"POST",headers:{"Content-Type":"application/octet-stream"},body:ω_
        // nb. last _ suppresses ;
    )
    α instanceof_ Function →
        !p.ok → α(p.status,'')
        ◇ p.text().then(ω=>α(p.status,ω))               // used with callback fn
    ◇
        p.ok → ⩛ p.text()                               // used with async/await or .then
        ◇ ⩛ p.text()
    // ).then(rsp=>rsp.text()).then(data=>α(0,data))    // .then callback style (for ref)
    ⩛ null
'⧖' ≙ mcode.write   // nb. await is inserted by transpiler
`

≜ `
∇.a ⊙.test.io0 : seq=1
    ⫶.busy 0
    p = await_ ⫶.timer ω                        // await for timer in ms here
    □ 'timer done'
    seq →                                       // run sequentially
        ⊙.test.io1 0
    ⫶.done 0
    ⩛ 0
`

≜ `
∇.a ⊙.test.io1 : f,g1,g2,rs
```

```
    ⍰.busy 0

    // { □ ω } ⍈.'test.txt' 'start\\nline 1\\nline 2\\nend'         // write test
    // f = ⍈.'test.txt' 'start\\nline 1\\nline 2\\nend'             // async write test
    // □ f

    // { □ 'getURL: status = '+α+' read:\\n'+ω } ⍇ 'out/test.txt'   // read test with callback
    // g = ⍇ 'out/test.txt'                        // async read test  nb. ⍇ does await

    g1 = ⍇.ls ''                                   // async tests
    g2 = ⍇.ll ''
    □ 'io tests'
    □ 'ls:\\n'+g1                                  // debug
    // □ 'll:\\n'+g2                               // debug
    // { ⍏.m 'test' □ ω } ⍇ 'tests.mc'             // run more mcode tests
    □ 'test.io done'
    // ⍰.done 1                                    // 1 returned as result to await
    // ⍰.done ⍇ 'out/test.txt'                     // or return file as result directly

∇ ⊙.test.io
    □ '⊙.test.io'
    ⊙.test.io0 1000
    ⊙.test.io1 0
// ⊙.test.io 0              // nb. test is NIU to not delay startup
`

r += '\n// Document Object Model (dom) support'
r += ⍏.er `
∇ mcode.dom : w             // a few common operations on the HTML DOM

    ∇.a rd : g              // async fn to read html and insert into element
        g = ⍇ ω ; α.innerHTML = g ; ⍗ α

    // document ops, ω is data
    α ↽ θ →
        ð ↽ θ           → ⍗ document.getElementById(ω)
        ð ↽ 'body'      → ⍗ document.body.insertAdjacentHTML('beforeend',ω)
        ð ↽ 'head'      → ⍗ document.head.insertAdjacentHTML('beforeend',ω)
        ð ↽ 'css'       → ⍗ document.head.insertAdjacentHTML('beforeend','<link href="'+ω+'" rel="stylesheet" />')
        ð ↽ 'js'        → ⍗ document.head.insertAdjacentHTML('beforeend','<script src="'+ω+'" ></script>')
        ð ↽ 'el'        → ⍗ document.createElement(ω)
        ð ↽ '+'         → ⍗ document.body.append(ω)
        ð ↽ 'qs'        → ⍗ document.querySelector(ω)
        ð ↽ 'ael'       → ⍗ document.addEventListener(...ω)     // ω = [ type, listener, useCapture ]
        ð ↽ 'docwr'     →
            w = window.open('')
```

```
            w.document.write(ω)
            w.document.close()
            ⍛ 0

    ◇
        // α is id or HTML node, ω is data
        α ∈ '' →
            α = document.getElementById(α)                  // convert α id to node
            !α → ⍛ 0

        δ ↚ θ →
            α.innerHTML = ω ; ⍛ α

        δ ↚ 'el'        →                                   // new el ω with class α, rtns el
            w = document.createElement(ω) ; w.classList.add(α); ⍛ w

        δ ↚ '+'         → ⍛ α.appendChild(ω)
        // δ ↚ 'rm'        → ⍛ α.removeChild(ω)
        δ ↚ 'rm'        → ⍛ α.remove()

        δ ↚ 'cl?'       → ⍛ α.classList.contains(ω)
        δ ↚ 'cl'        → ⍛ α.classList.add(ω)

        δ ↚ 'ael'       → ⍛ α.addEventListener(...ω)        // ω = [ type, listener, useCapture ]

        δ ↚ 'rd'        → ⍛ α rd ω                          // read html from file ω, append to el α

        δ ↚ 'attr?'     → ⍛ α.getAttribute(ω)
        δ ↚ 'attr'      → ⍛ α.setAttribute(...ω)            // ω = [ 'attr' value ]

        δ ↚ 'dsp'       → ⍛ α.style.display = ω
        δ ↚ 'clr'       → ⍛ α.style.color = ω
        δ ↚ 'bg'        → ⍛ α.style.backgroundColor = ω
        δ ↚ 'brd'       → ⍛ α.style.borderColor = ω
        δ ↚ 'top'       → ⍛ α.style.top = ω
        δ ↚ 'left'      → ⍛ α.style.left = ω
        δ ↚ 'w'         → ⍛ α.style.width = ω
        δ ↚ 'h'         → ⍛ α.style.height = ω
    ⍛ 0
'∘' ⍙ 'mcode.dom'
`

r += `
// end core

`
```

```
mcode.cp = {}            // clear context
mcode.cp.core = r

 '  core loaded, tests passed'
```